| Subject | Mathematics |
| :--- | :--- |
| Curriculum Intent | The Mathematics department strives to equip our pupils with the skills and <br> knowledge to be able to solve problems, think logically and cope with numerical <br> challenges in everyday life. <br> We believe all pupils are capable of achieving high standards and become able <br> mathematicians. We follow a mastery approach to teaching and learning and <br> believe pupils need to be fluent in the fundamentals of mathematics before <br> moving on. <br> We develop conceptual understanding so that students can recall and apply <br> knowledge rapidly and accurately to new problems. Students are regularly <br> challenged with rich and sophisticated tasks before any acceleration through new <br> content. |
| Staff work in close collaboration with each other across Windsor Academy Trust <br> to plan and deliver the curriculum using the most impactful teaching techniques. <br> Research, resources and ideas are regularly shared among the team to enhance <br> our teaching and offer students variety in lessons. |  |
| Schemes of work build on the KS2 Primary curriculum, providing the foundation <br> for academic success in examinations. Years 7 and 8 are introduced to the 27 <br> mathematical threshold concepts which underpin all the concepts studied while at <br> the academy. In year 9 these threshold concepts are developed further in the <br> preparation to study the GCSE course. |  |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline & \begin{array}{l}\text { TC18. Interpret: To compare distributions } \\ \text { TC19. Predict: To calculate risk through probabilities } \\ \text { TC20. Formulaity: To understand, use and construct a variety of formulae TC21. } \\ \text { Rearrange: To manipulate into equivalent forms } \\ \text { TC22. Proportionality: To apply multiplicative reasoning to solve problems in a } \\ \text { variety of contexts } \\ \text { TC23. Congruence: To construct and describe transformations that result in } \\ \text { congruent images } \\ \text { TC24.Turn: To understand that turn is represented by angles and can be } \\ \text { measured in degrees } \\ \text { TC25. Angles: To know and use angle facts in a variety of contexts } \\ \text { TC26. Linearity: To understand the relationship between sequences and } \\ \text { graphical representations } \\ \text { TC27. Gradient: To understand the concept of rate of change }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Key Stage 4 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { All students follow the Edexcel Mathematics GCSE syllabus. Students take their } \\ \text { GCSE at the end of Year 11 at either the foundation or higher tier of entry. }\end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { The GCSE syllabus is broken into 5 topic areas: number, algebra, ratio, geometry } \\ \text { and probability and statistics. }\end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l}\text { Building on skills learnt at Key Stage 3, students learn to solve complex problems } \\ \text { and build fluency in their mathematical approaches. Problem solving makes up } \\ \text { 40\% of the foundation tier examinations and 50\% of the higher tier examinations. } \\ \text { The remainder of each exam tests mathematical fluency. }\end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l}\text { Students will be assessed in three written papers each contributing 33\% to the }\end{array} \\ \text { final grade. Examinations are 1 hour 30 minutas long for both Higher and } \\ \text { Foundation, only the first paper is non-calculator, with a scientific calculator being } \\ \text { essential for the second and third papers. }\end{array}\right\}$

